

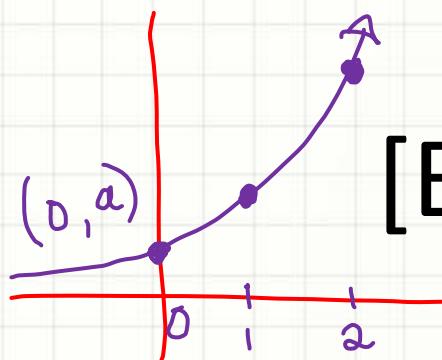


MATH ANALYSIS

Mr. Farrar

Catalyst

$$f(x) = a \cdot b^x$$



Find an exponential function that fits:

1. $(0, 5)$

$$\begin{aligned} ab^0 &= 5 \\ a &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

2. $(0, 5)$

$$a = 5$$

3. $(1, 36)$

$$\begin{aligned} ab &= 36 \\ a \cdot \frac{1}{2} &= 36 \\ a &= 72 \end{aligned}$$

$(1, 10)$

$$\begin{aligned} ab &= 10 \\ 5b &= 10 \\ b &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$(2, 45)$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \cdot b^2 &= 45 \\ b^2 &= 9 \\ b &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$(3, 9)$

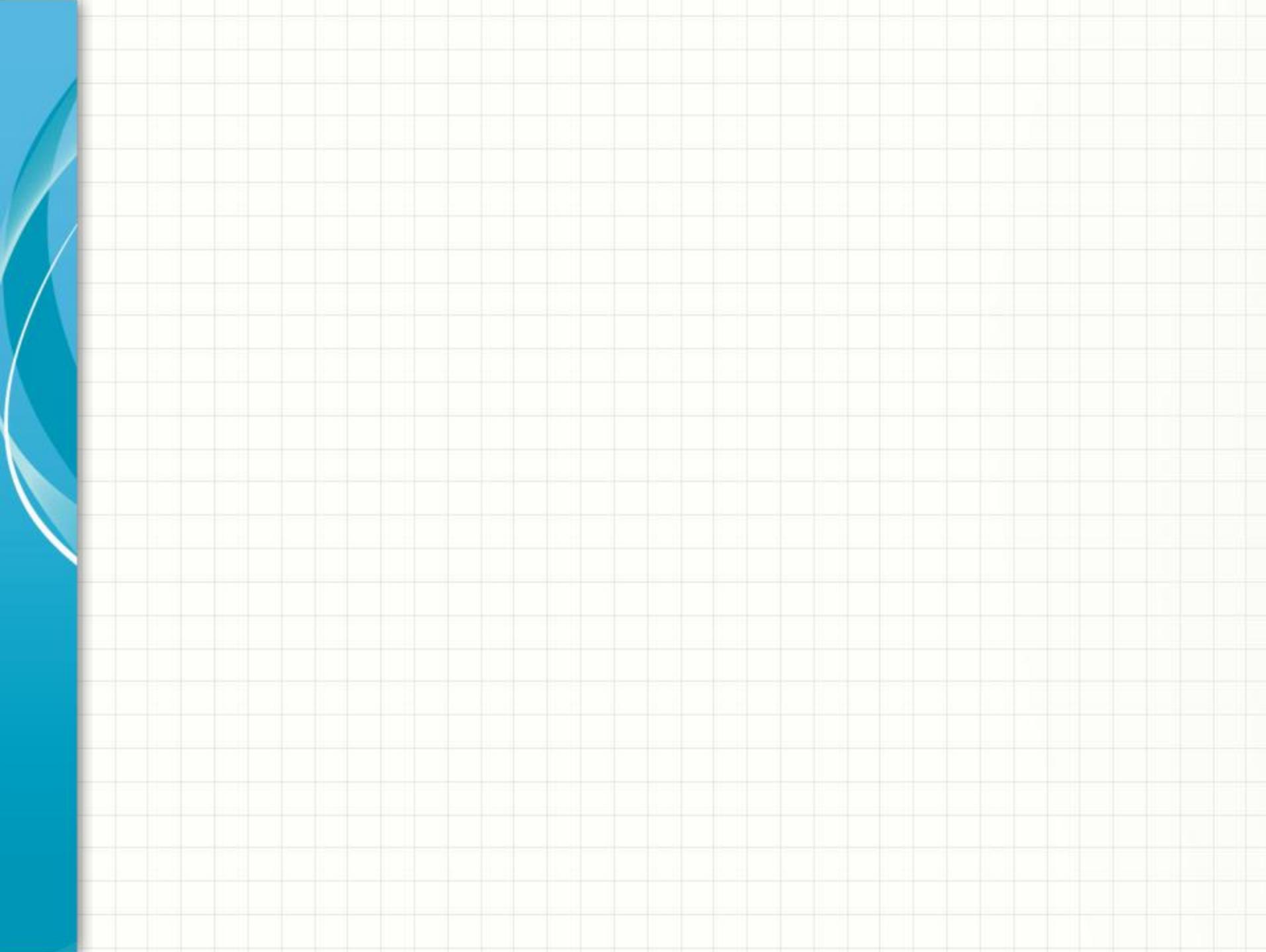
$$\begin{aligned} ab^3 &= 9 \\ ab \cdot b^2 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

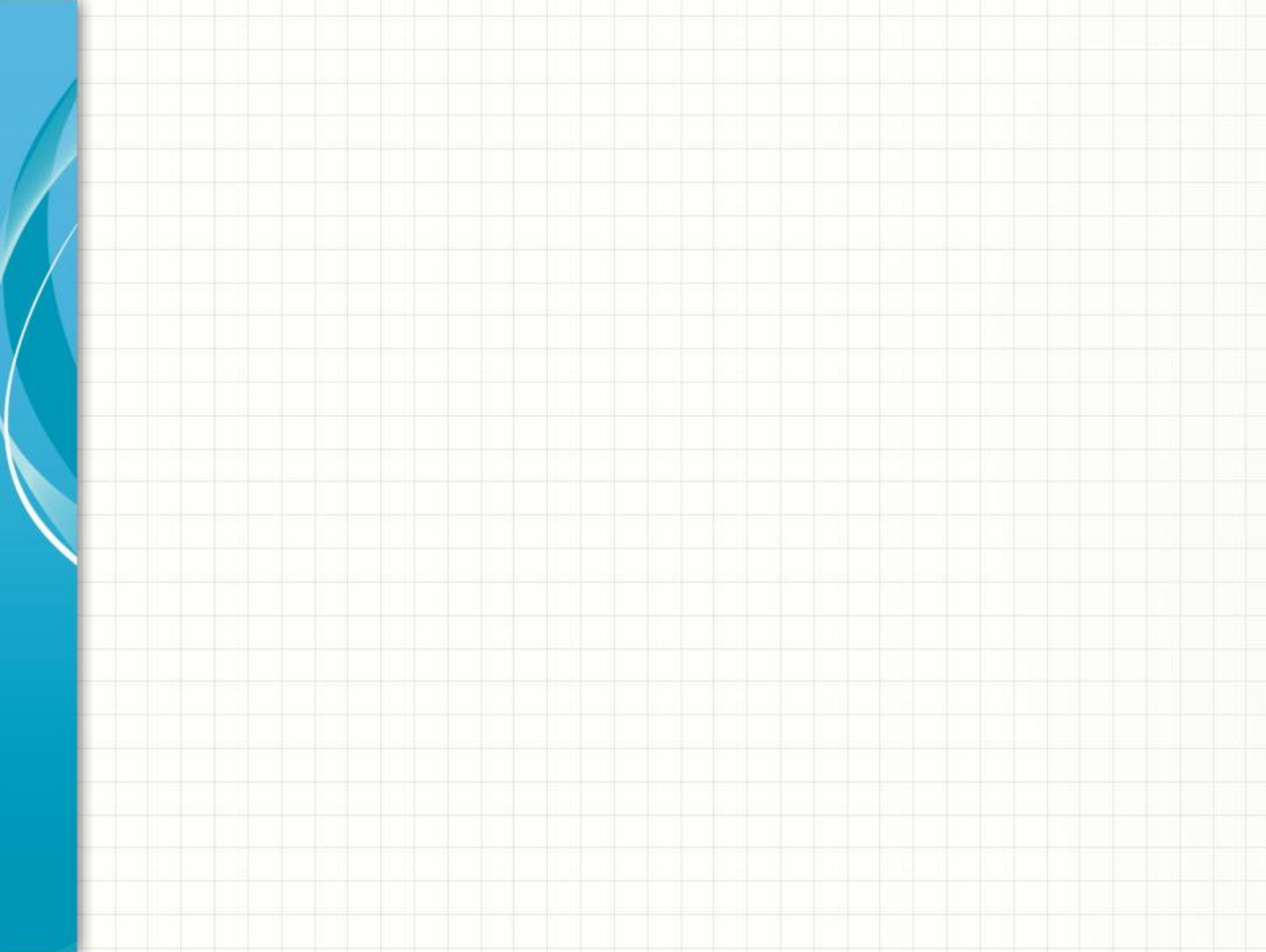
$$f(x) = 5 \cdot 2^x$$

$$5 \cdot 3^x$$

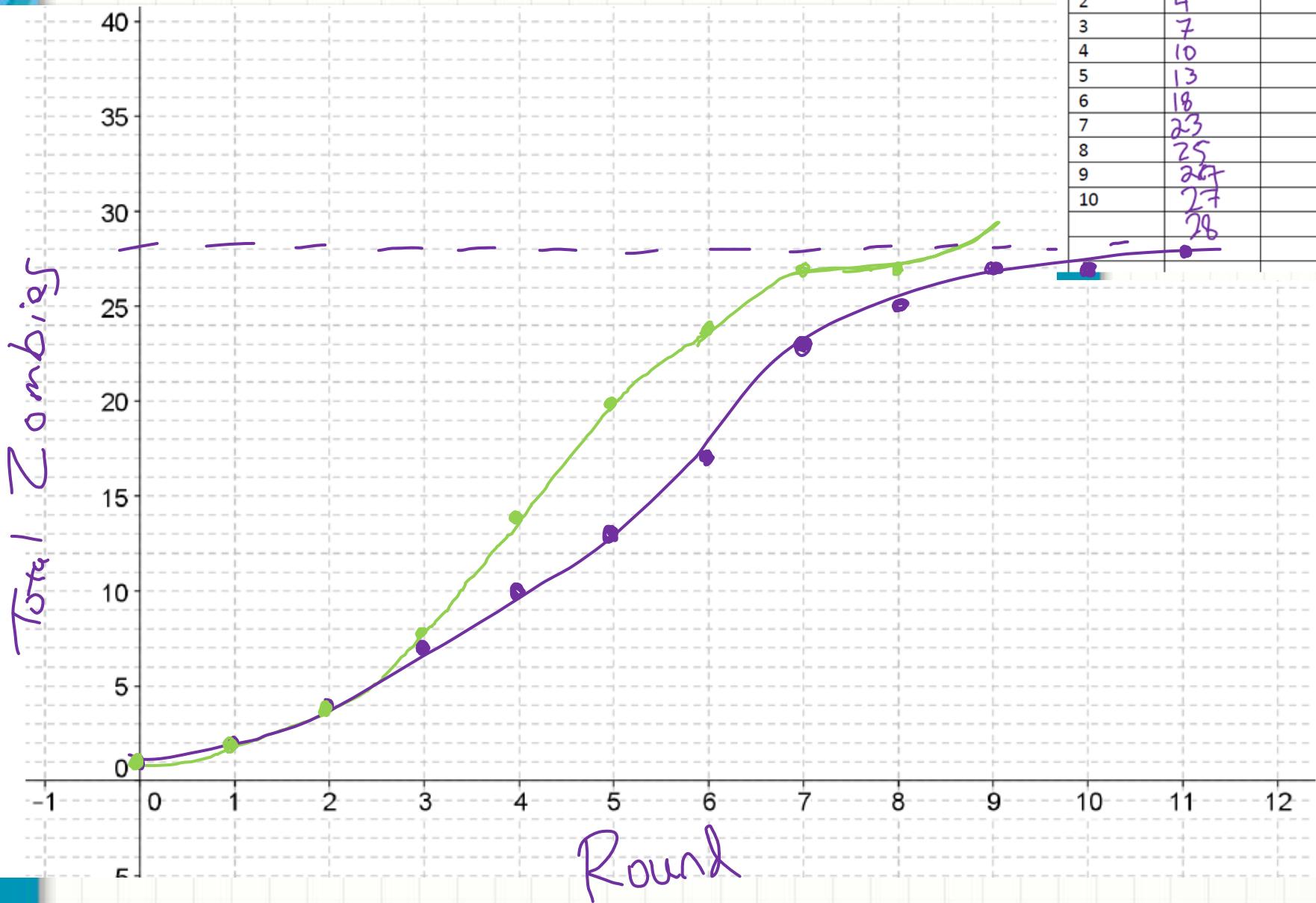
$$f(x) = 72 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$

$$\begin{aligned} 36b^2 &= 9 \\ b^2 &= \frac{1}{4} \\ b &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$





1. Classroom Zombie Data		
Trial One		
Round #	Zombies	New infections
0	1	
1	2	1
2	4	
3	7	
4	10	
5	13	
6	18	
7	23	
8	25	
9	27	
10	27	
	28	



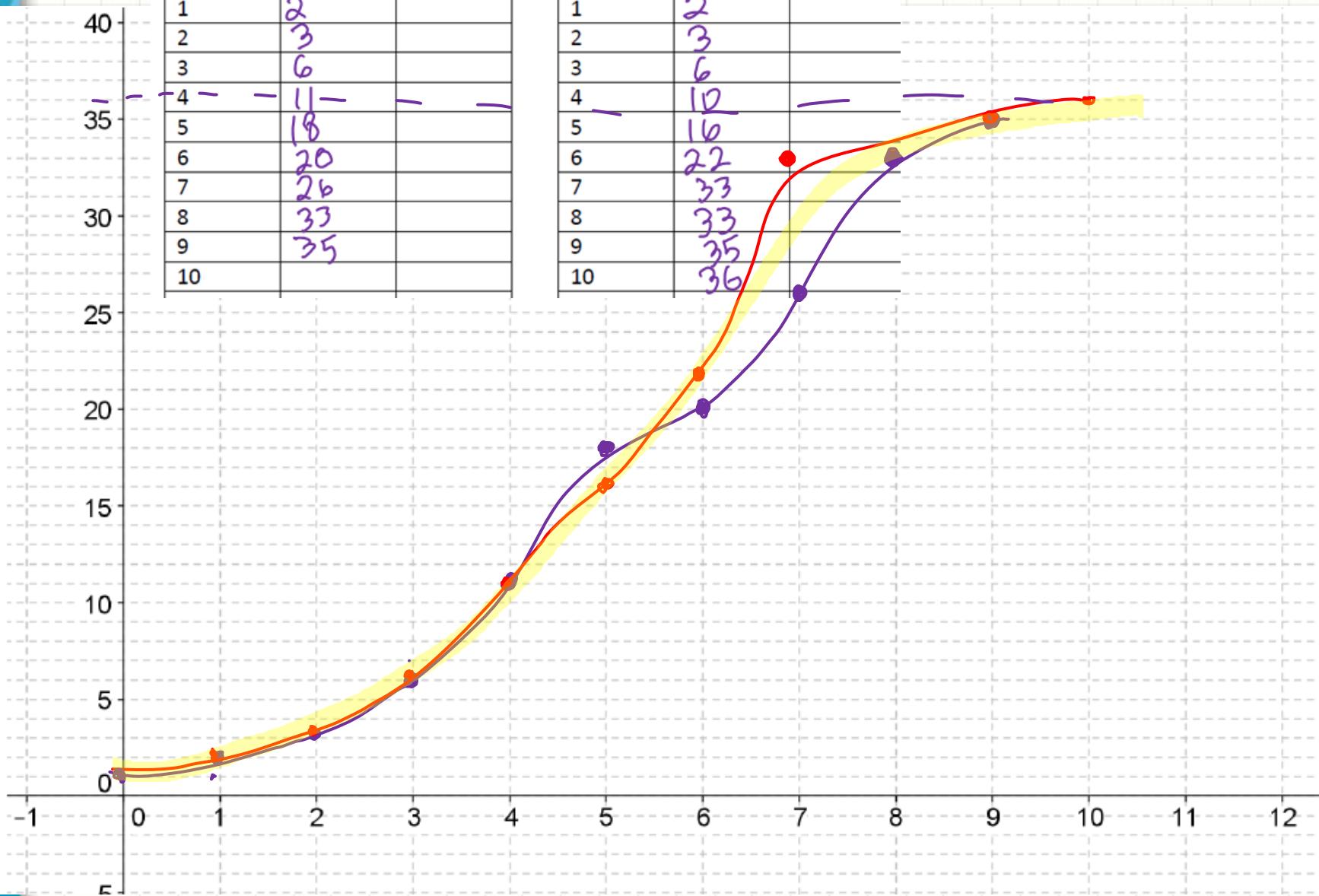
1. Classroom Zombie Data

Trial One

Round #	Zombies
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	6
4	11
5	18
6	20
7	26
8	33
9	35
10	

Trial Two

Round #	Zombies
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	6
4	12
5	16
6	22
7	33
8	33
9	35
10	36



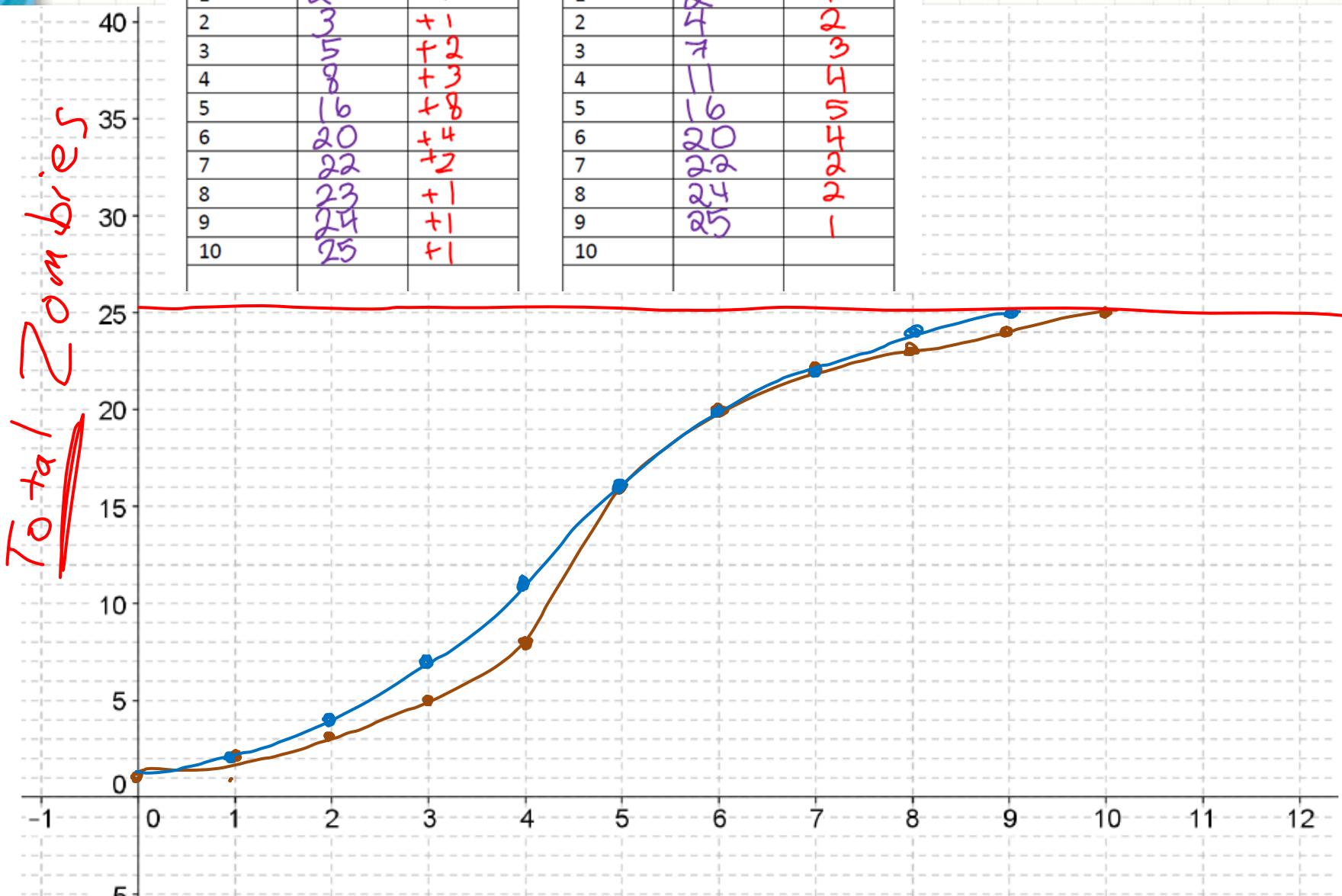
1. Classroom Zombie Data

Trial One

Round #	Zombies	new infections
0	1	
1	2	+1
2	3	+1
3	5	+2
4	8	+3
5	16	+8
6	20	+4
7	22	+2
8	23	+1
9	24	+1
10	25	+1

Trial Two

Round #	Zombies	new
0	1	
1	2	
2	4	
3	7	
4	11	
5	16	
6	20	
7	22	
8	24	
9	25	
10		



2. Why did the rate of infections slow down?

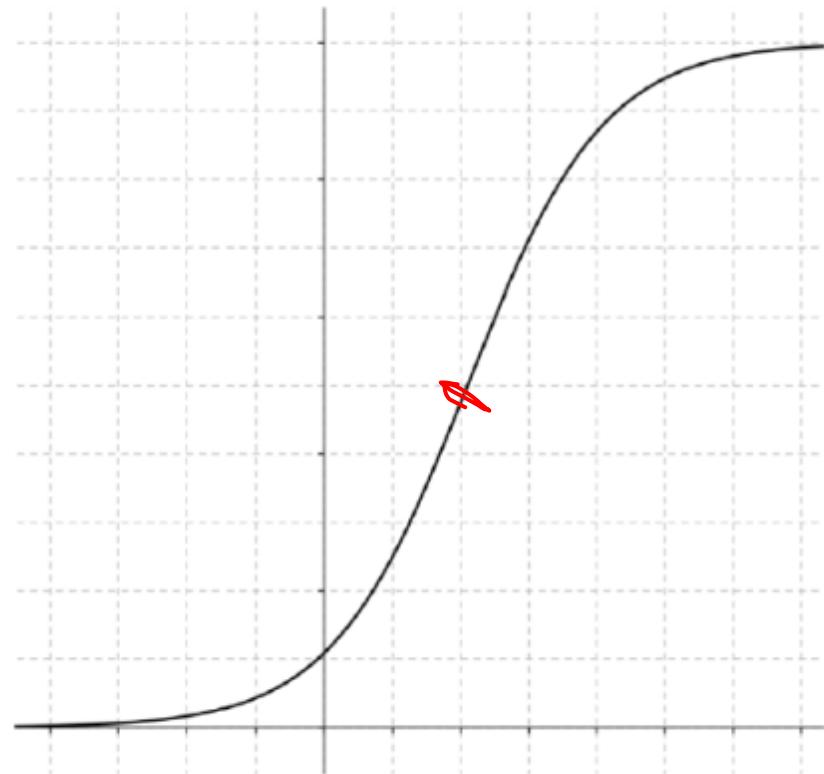
3. Bacteria Data

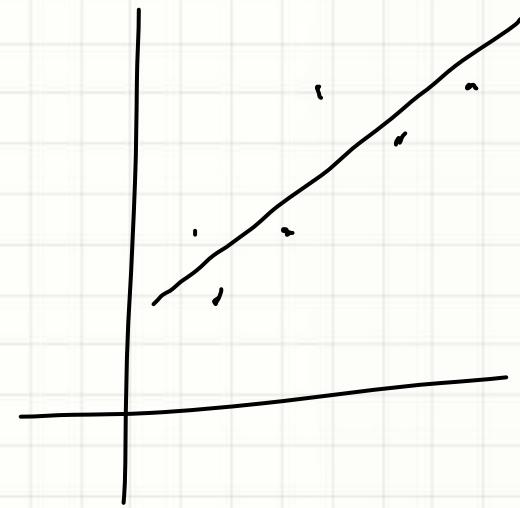
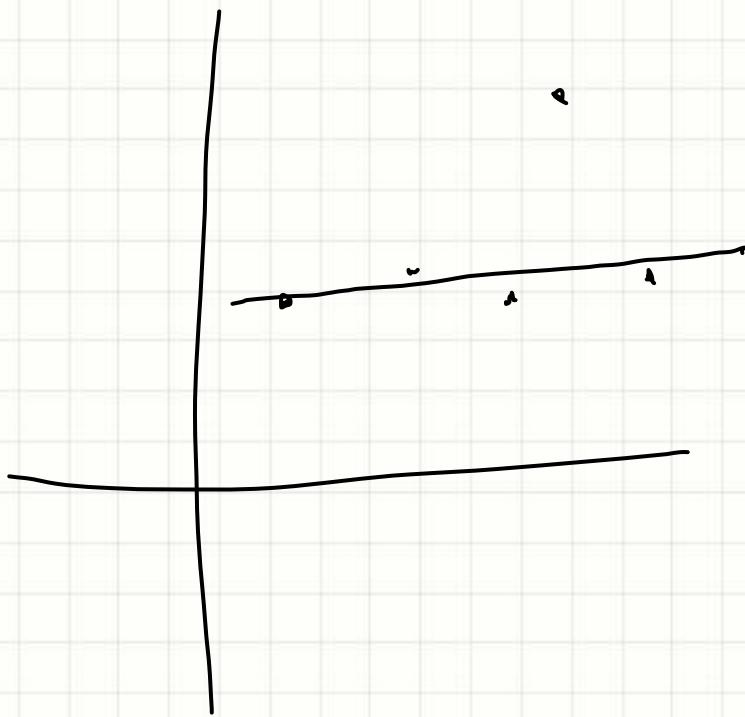
seconds	bacteria	
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

4. How does this growth compare with the zombie growth? Why is it different?

5. Summarize the difference between the two types of growth.

5. Summarize the difference between the two types of growth:

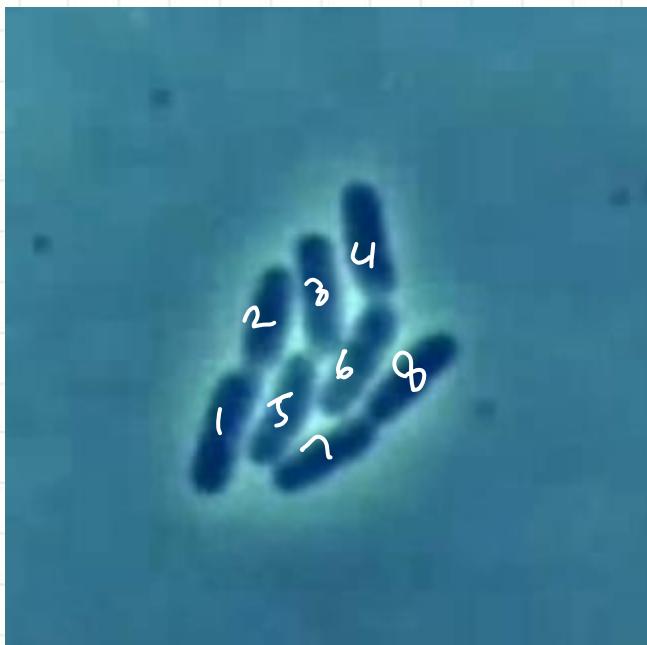




0



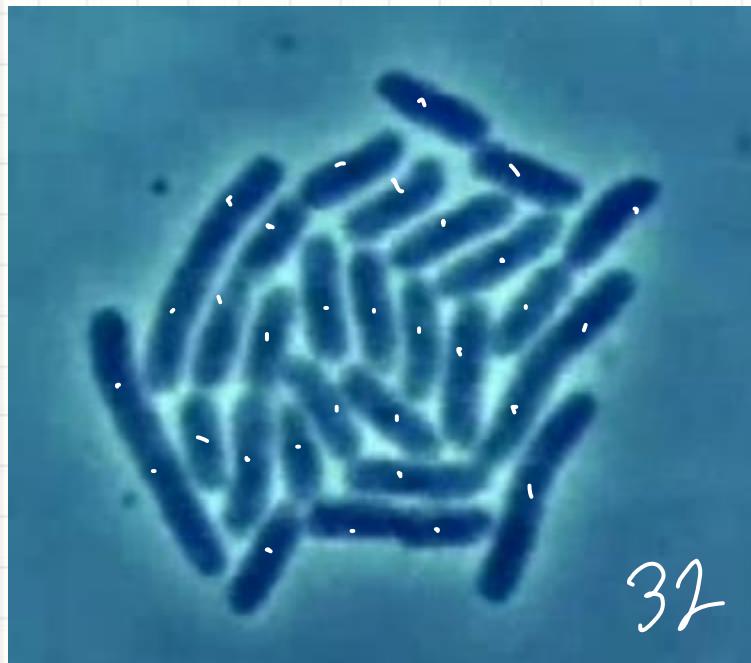
1



2



3



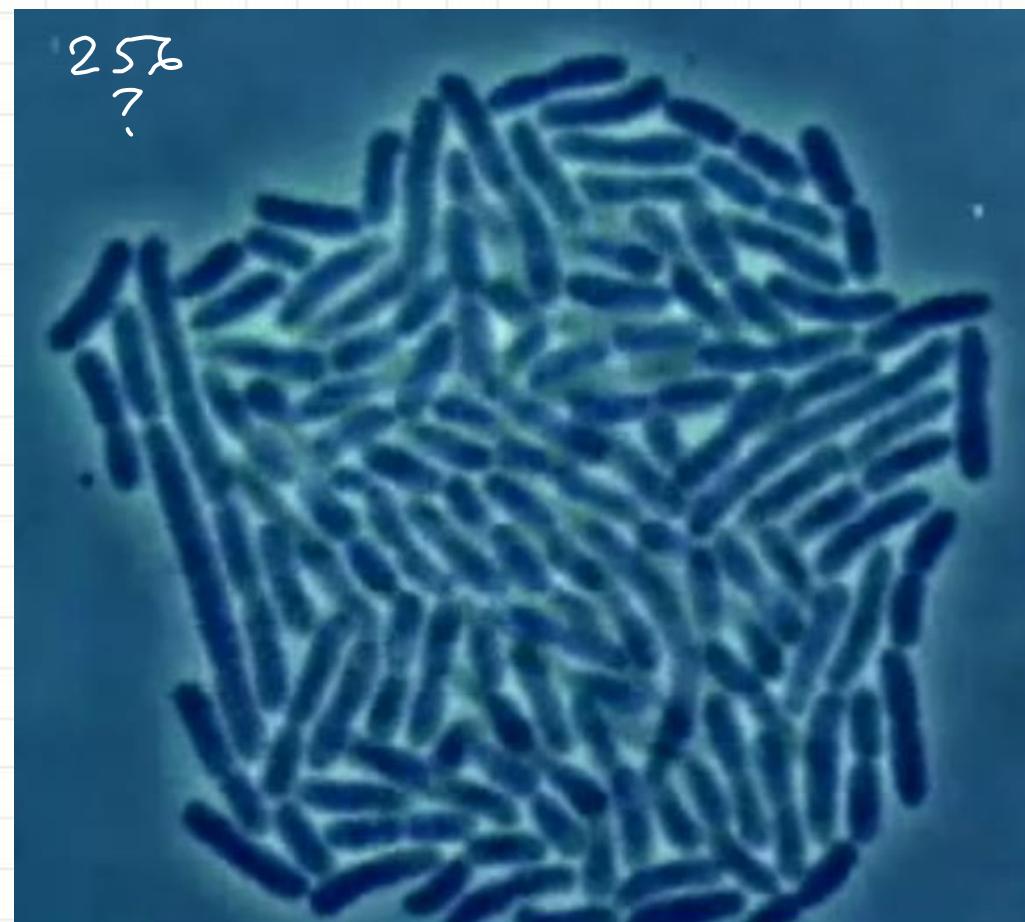
4



5

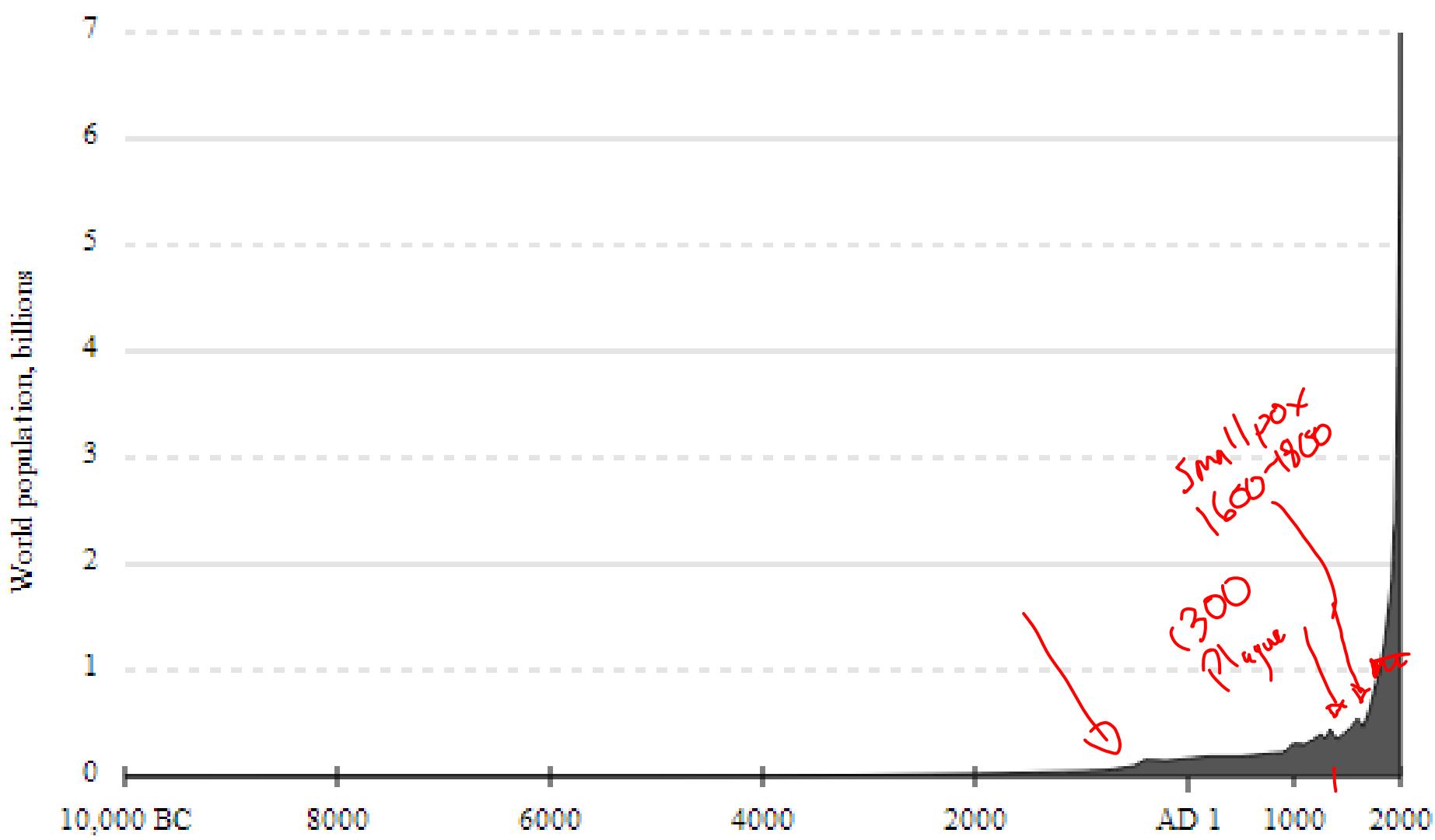


6





Human Population past 12,000 years



Population last 200 years, with predictions

